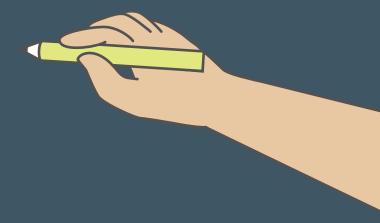


CERVICAL SCREENING

SARAH JONES & RICHARD MCCORMICK

SCREENING & IMMUNISATION TEAM

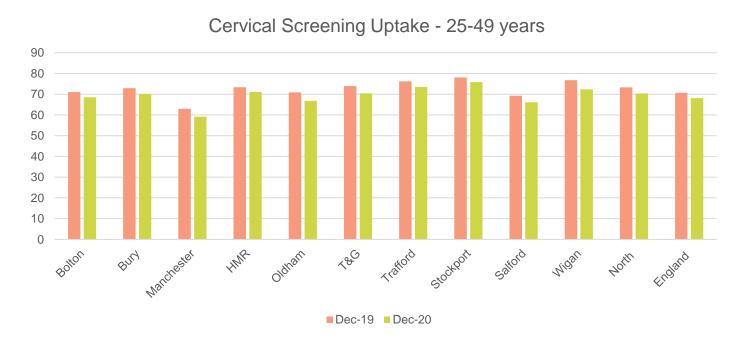






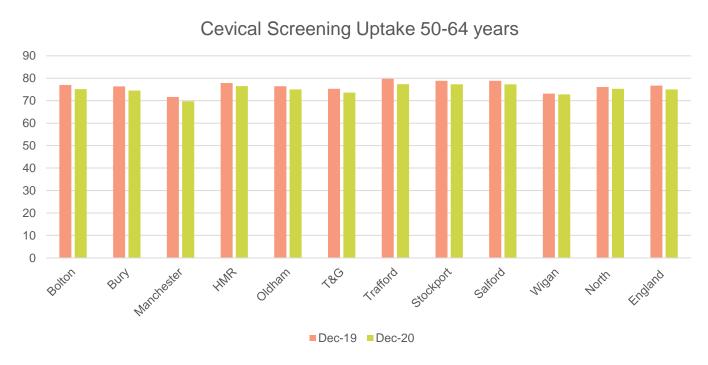
UPTAKE IN GREATER MANCHESTER

Uptake varies between practices – National ambition is 80%



 Practice level data - <u>Cervical screening: data and research - GOV.UK</u> (www.gov.uk)

UPTAKE IN GREATER MANCHESTER



 Practice level data - <u>Cervical screening: data and research - GOV.UK</u> (www.gov.uk)

IMPACT OF COVID

- During the first lockdown, samples received by the lab reduced to 2-300 per week
- Since September, the lab have seen higher than expected numbers of samples every week – between 9000 -12000
- Some women still hesitant to attend
 - Shielding
 - Concerned about Covid risks
 - Assume screening is not a priority

Consider looking back over those who have not responded in the last year and re-invite

https://www.jostrust.org.uk/about-us/news-and-blog/blog/impact-covid-19-cervical-screening

TRUN AROUND TIME

- Due to the increased number of samples, the turn around time at the lab has increased to 42 days – most samples will be back much quicker than this
- Please keep up to date with the current TAT via the CSTD
- CSTD | Manchester (mft.nhs.uk)
- Sample takers should ensure patients are aware that the result could take 5-6 weeks to come back
- After this time the practice can contact the lab to check on the result

REJECTED SAMPLES

Samples rejected March – May 2021

Bolton	Bury		Manchester	HMR	Oldham	Salford	Stockport	Tameside	Trafford	Wigan	Total	
	28	23	99	26	30	23	25	21	21	54		350

Reasons for rejection

Reason for rejection	Number Rejected
Vial, no form	2
Form, no vial	9
Early repeat	126
Vault sample	2
Out of date vial	104
Form, no vial	6
Unlabelled vial	47
Partially labelled vial	10
Discrepant details on	
vial & form	38
Insufficient patient ID on	
form	1
Patient details differ	
from LIMS/Exeter	2
Vial leaked	3

- The lab will write to the sample taker when a sample is rejected, with the reason
- Repeat samples should be carried out 3 calendar months after rejection (or when they are due if NTDD is later than 3 months)
- Practices should keep a list of all samples taken and ensure a result has been returned for each of them
- If you have any issues please contact the lab or GM SIT

Early Repeats

- Always check Open Exeter if you are unsure of a next test due date.
- •If you are unsure if you should take a sample, call the lab to check on 0161 276 5111.
- Samples taken more than 3 months (previously 6 months) before an individual's test due date should be considered out of programme if they are:
- A routine recall.
- An early repeat test in 12 months following a HPV positive/cytology negative test.
- A follow up test after colposcopy or treatment.

Expiry Date of Vial

- Put a sign on the wall indicating the expiry date of the vials.
- Include vials when doing other stock takes – for example, when checking the expiry dates of vaccines.
- Ensure stock rotation on receipt of deliveries.
- Check every clinical room regularly for expired vials – especially ones that aren't used as often.
- Ensure you check the expiry date **before** taking the sample, as you would prior to administration of a vaccine.
- •Ensure there is <u>at least 14</u> <u>days</u> before the vial expires (or longer if the current lab TAT is longer).
- Record the expiry date in the patients notes so that you are prompted to check.
- •Ensure that the patient label does not cover the expiry date.

Wrong Label (Mismatch) OR

Unlabelled Sample Pot

- Do not handwrite or print forms or labels in advance of the clinic.
- Check the patient's full name, date of birth and address when they arrive.
- Label the vial while the patient is dressing or undressing, and ask the patient to check their details on the form and vial are correct before they leave.
- Ask a colleague to check the form and vial match for each patient before collection (this could be an admin function).

Check patient details on arrival.

Attach ID label to vial, ensure patient checks details prior to leaving.

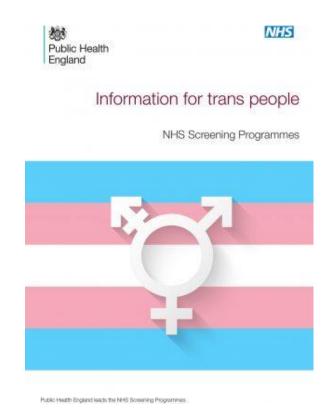
Review date of previous sample.

Expiry date of vial should always be checked prior to sample collection.

TRANS PATIENTS

- Trans Men or non binary patients, who are not registered as Female will not be called for cervical screening
- The GP should ensure they are aware of the need for screening (if suitable), and arrange this with the patient
- The sample taker should make this clear on the request form.

 NHS population screening: information for transgender people - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)



NEW CERVICAL SCREENING SYSTEM

- Replacement for Open Exeter to be launched on 31st October 2021
- Will be a web based system and all users will require a smartcard
- Actions required
 - Ensure all staff have smart cards
 - Ensure they have the correct permissions
 - Ensure the relevant software is installed on your computers
 - Ensure all staff complete relevant training (Not available yet)

New NHS Cervical Screening Management System starting 2021 - NHS

<u>Digital</u>

Screening.implementation@nhs.net

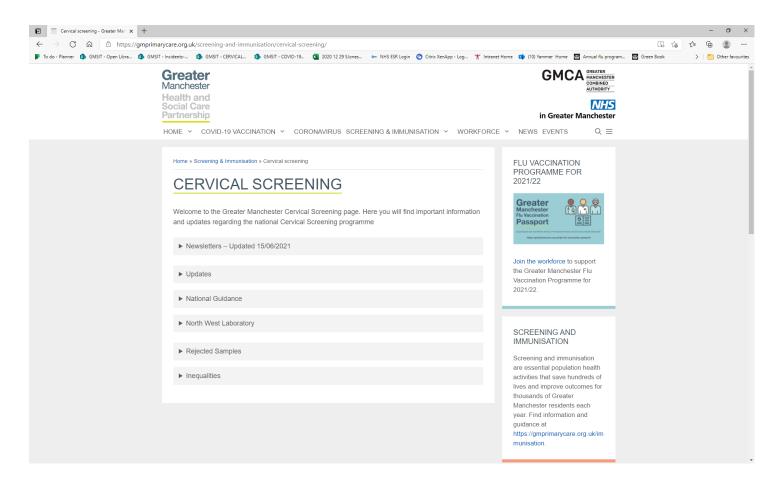
HPV SELF SAMPLING

- Currently undergoing clinical valitation trials & pilot study in London
- Involves patient doing a self taken swab which is tested for HPV
- If the sample is HPV positive they will be requested to go to their GP for a cervical sample
- They will then be followed up as normal in colposcopy if required



GM PRIMARY CARE WEBSITE

https://gmprimarycare.org.uk/screening-and-immunisation/



THANK YOU

Contact us

If you have any queries about these guidelines, contact the GMHSC communications team: gm.hsccomms@nhs.net

www.gmhsc.org.uk @GM_HSC